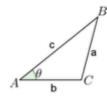
1. Find the area of the triangle ABC shown to the right, with the following data:

a. 
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$$
,  $b = 3$ , and  $c = 6$ .

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(b\cdot c\cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(18\cdot\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{9}{2}$$

The area is  $\frac{9}{2}$  square units.



b.  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$ , b = 4, and c = 8.

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(b\cdot c\cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(32\cdot\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = 8\sqrt{3}$$

The area is  $8\sqrt{3}$  square units.

c. 
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$$
,  $b = 5$ , and  $c = 10$ .

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(b\cdot c\cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(50\cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = \frac{25\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

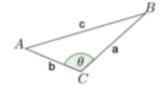
The area is  $\frac{25\sqrt{2}}{2}$  square units.

2. Find the area of the triangle ABC shown to the right, with the following data:

a. 
$$\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}$$
,  $\alpha = 6$ , and  $b = 4$ .

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(a\cdot b\cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(24\cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = 6\sqrt{2}$$

The area is  $6\sqrt{2}$  square units.



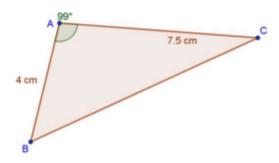
b. 
$$\theta = \frac{5\pi}{6}$$
,  $a = 4$ , and  $b = 3$ .

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(a\cdot b\cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(12\cdot\frac{1}{2}\right) = 3$$

The area is 3 square units.

3. Find the area of each triangle shown below. State the area to the nearest tenth of a square centimeter.

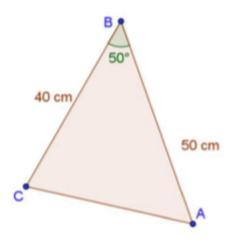
a.



$$A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 \cdot 7.5 \cdot \sin(99^\circ) \approx 14.8$$

The area is approximately 14.8 sq. cm.

b.



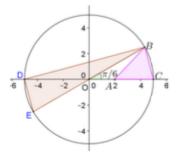
$$A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 40 \cdot 50 \cdot \sin(50^{\circ}) \approx 766.0$$

The area is approximately 766 sq. cm.

- 4. The diameter of the circle O in the figure shown to the right is EB = 10.
  - a. Find the area of the triangle OBA.

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(2\cdot 5\cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(2\cdot 5\cdot \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{5}{2}$$

The area is  $\frac{5}{2}$  square units.



b. Find the area of the triangle ABC.

$$\frac{1}{2}(bh) = \frac{1}{2}\left(3 \cdot \frac{5}{2}\right) = \frac{15}{4}$$

The area is  $\frac{15}{4}$  square units.

c. Find the area of the triangle DBO.

$$\frac{1}{2}(bh) = \frac{1}{2}\left(5 \cdot \frac{5}{2}\right) = \frac{25}{4}$$

The area is  $\frac{25}{4}$  square units.

d. Find the area of the triangle DBE.

The area of triangle DBE is the sum of the areas of triangles DBO, OBA, and ABC.

$$\frac{25}{4} + \frac{15}{4} + \frac{5}{2} = \frac{50}{4}$$

The area of triangle DBE is  $\frac{50}{4}$  square units.